MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of School Directors Montoursville Area School District Montoursville, Pennsylvania:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Montoursville Area School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on page 5 and budgetary comparison schedule on page 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Larson, Kellett & Associates P.C.

Montoursville, Pennsylvania November 20, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The discussion and analysis of Montoursville Area School District's (District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

At year end, the District's total net position had increased by approximately \$1,376,000 from the previous year end. Program revenues (revenues derived directly from a program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, which as a whole reduce the net costs to be financed from the District's general revenues) accounted for approximately \$5.1 million or 19.3% of total revenues, and general revenues (revenues that are not matched to specific program expenses) accounted for approximately \$21.2 million or 80.7% of total revenues.

The general fund reported a positive fund balance of approximately \$4.5 million or 17.1% of the 2012-2013 \$26.4 million operating budget. This represents an increase of approximately \$103,000 from the prior year fund balance.

There are several parts to the District's financial statements. Below, Figure A-1 visually represents how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1
Required components of
Montoursville Area School District's
Financial Report

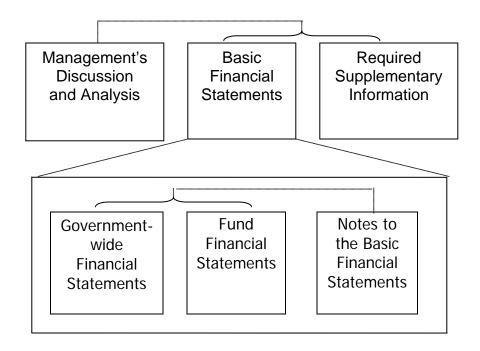


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of Montoursville Area School District's
Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
,	Government- wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the District operates similar to private business – ex. Food Services	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources – ex. Scholarship Funds
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	Balance Sheet	Statement of net position	Statement of net position
	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position	Statement of changes in net position
			Statement of cash flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term
Type of inflow- outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

Governmental activities – All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and community services. Property taxes, state and federal subsidies, and grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities – The District operates a food service operation and charges fees to students, staff, and visitors to help cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements, which begin on page 8, provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. These funds focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. The funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary funds – These funds are used to account for the District's activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector, or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units in the District – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's sole proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some scholarship funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 15. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The total net position of the governmental and business-type activities is summarized in Table A-1. Over time net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$26.8 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year in comparison to approximately \$25.4 million in the preceding fiscal year.

The largest portion of the District's total assets (77%) reflects its investment in capital assets. The District uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2012 to 2013 follows:

	•	ative Ana	lysis		201						
Government Wide Financial Analysis - Net Position											
		Govern	men	tal		Busine	ss-Ty _l	oe			
		Activ	/ities			Acti	vities		Totals		
(Amounts expressed in thousands)		2012		2013		2012	·	2013	2012		2013
Current & Other Assets	\$	10,530	\$	11,409	\$	142	\$	173	\$ 10,672	\$	11,582
Capital Assets	\$	39,420	\$	38,792	\$	514	\$	460	\$ 39,934	\$	39,252
Total Assets	\$	49,950	\$	50,201	\$	656	\$	633	\$ 50,606	\$	50,834
Current Liabilities	\$	4,446	\$	4,855	\$	6	\$	32	\$ 4,452	\$	4,887
Long Term Liabilities	\$	20,734	\$	19,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 20,734	\$	19,150
Total Liabilities	\$	25,180	\$	24,005	\$	6	\$	32	\$ 25,186	\$	24,037
Net Position:											
Invested in Capital											
Assets, Net of Debt	\$	17,694	\$	18,833	\$	514	\$	460	\$ 18,208	\$	19,293
Restricted for Capital Projects	\$	2,832	\$	3,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,832	\$	3,255
Unrestricted	\$	4,244	\$	4,108	\$	136	\$	141	\$ 4,380	\$	4,249
Total Net Position	\$	24,770	\$	26,196	\$	650	\$	601	\$ 25,420	\$	26,797

The District is able to report an increase in its restricted net position while showing a decrease in unrestricted net position. The District's investment in capital assets, net of debt, increased by approximately \$1,085,000 (net), as a result of equipment purchases, facility improvements, and debt reduction during the fiscal year.

The District's total net position related to governmental activities increased by approximately \$1,426,000. Additionally, the District's total unrestricted net assets related to governmental and business type activities reflect a positive balance of approximately \$4.25 million.

Table A-2 displays the government-wide changes in net position for both the Governmental and Business-Type Activities.

		Table A-2						
Fiscal Ye	ar End Compari Chang	son June 30, es in Net Pos		! – June	30, 2	2013		
		nmental		Busine	ss-T\	/pe		
	Activities Activities			•	Total			
(Amounts expressed in thousands)	2012	2013	2	2012		2013	2012	2013
Revenues	2012	2010		-012			2012	2010
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 136	\$ 143	\$	498	\$	458	\$ 634	\$ 601
Operating Grants	\$ 3,734	\$ 4,133	\$	324	\$	328	\$ 4,058	\$ 4,461
Total Program Revenues	\$ 3,870	\$ 4,276	\$	822	\$	786	\$ 4,692	\$ 5,062
General Revenues	Ψ 0,010	Ψ .,=. σ	1		*		Ψ 1,002	ψ 0,00 <u>2</u>
Property Taxes	\$10,020	\$10,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$10,020	\$10,030
Other Taxes	\$ 3,325	\$ 3,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,325	\$ 3,935
Grants and Entitlements	\$ 7,063	\$ 7,196	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 7,063	\$ 7,196
Other	\$ 62	\$ 46	\$	7	\$	6	\$ 69	\$ 52
Total General Revenues	\$20,470	\$21,207	\$	7	\$	6	\$20,477	\$21,213
	4 20, 0	Ψ=:,==:	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>		Ψ=0,	Ψ=1,=10
Total Revenues	\$24,340	\$25,483	\$	829	\$	792	\$25,169	\$26,275
Expenses								
Program Expenses								
Instruction	\$14,228	\$14,585	\$	-	\$	-	\$14,228	\$14,585
Support Services:								
Instructional Student Support	\$ 2,082	\$ 2,213	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,082	\$ 2,213
Administration	\$ 1,807	\$ 1,825	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,807	\$ 1,825
Maintenance	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,983	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,656	\$ 2,983
Pupil Transportation	\$ 1,176	\$ 1,073	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,176	\$ 1,073
Community Services	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6	\$ 4
Student Activities	\$ 506	\$ 536	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 506	\$ 536
Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$ 902	\$ 837	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 902	\$ 837
Other Support Services	\$ 6	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6	\$ -
Food Service	\$ -	\$ -	\$	824	\$	842	\$ 824	\$ 842
Depreciation, unallocated	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Total Expenses	\$23,369	\$24,056	\$	824	\$	842	\$24,193	\$24,898
Excess before transfers	\$ 971	\$ 1,427	\$	5	(\$	50)	\$ 976	\$ 1,377
Interfund Transfers	(\$ 4)	\$ -	\$	4	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	\$ -	(\$ 1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	(\$ 1)
Change in Net Position	\$ 967	\$ 1,426	\$	9	(\$	50)	\$ 976	\$ 1,376

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

At June 30, 2013, a combined fund balance of \$7,774,585 is reported on the District's governmental funds statement; overall, this is a increase of \$527,084 from the prior fiscal year.

Fund Balance Fund Balance Increase 2012 2013 (Decrease)									
\$ 4,415,549	\$ 4,518,965	\$ 103,416							
\$ 139,239	\$ 23,880	(\$ 115,359)							
\$ 2,692,713	\$ 3,231,740	\$ 539,027							
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -							
\$ 7,247,501	\$ 7,774,585	\$ 527,084							
	Find Comparison June 30, inges in Governmental Fund Balance 2012 \$ 4,415,549 \$ 139,239 \$ 2,692,713 \$ -	End Comparison June 30, 2012 – June 30, 2013 inges in Governmental Funds Balances Fund Balance 2012 2013 \$ 4,415,549 \$ 4,518,965 \$ 139,239 \$ 23,880 \$ 2,692,713 \$ 3,231,740 \$ -							

General Fund -

Compared to the prior fiscal year, the District's expenditures decreased, while revenues increased. This resulted in an increase of the year end fund balance.

The increase of total revenue primarily resulted from increases in (local revenue) Earned Income Tax and Grant receipts; as well as (state revenue) reimbursement for contributions to the Public School Employees' Retirement System and block grant funding.

			т.,	-1- A 4					
	Fiscal	Voor End Comp		ble A-4	luno	20 2012			
Fiscal Year End Comparison June 30, 2012 – June 30, 2013 General Fund Revenues and Expenditures									
		2012		2013 Dollar		Percent			
		Amount		Amount		Change	Change		
Revenues									
Local	\$	13,805,470	\$	14,571,653	\$	766,183	5.55 %		
State	\$	10,203,818	\$	10,603,365	\$	399,547	3.92 %		
Federal	\$	364,126	\$	318,054	(\$	46,072)	(12.65)%		
Total	\$	24,373,414	\$	25,493,072	\$	1,119,658	4.59 %		
Expenditures									
Instruction	\$	13,521,746	\$	13,915,126	\$	393,380	2.91 %		
Support Services	\$	7,860,066	\$	7,893,946	\$	33,880	0.43 %		
Noninstructional Services	\$	517,522	\$	543,419	\$	25,897	5.00 %		
Debt Service	\$	107,578	\$	90,629	(\$	16,949)	(15.76)%		
Refund of Prior Year Exp.	\$	111	\$	4,781	\$	4,670	4,207.21 %		
Fund Transfers Out	\$	3,413,874	\$	2,941,755	(\$	472,119)	(13.83)%		
Total	\$	25,420,897	\$	25,389,656	(\$	31,241)	(0.12)%		
Excess									
Revenues (Expenditures)	(\$	1,047,483)	\$	103,416	\$	1,150,899	109.87 %		

Capital Projects Fund and Capital Reserve Fund -

Capital projects funds account for resources that are limited to expenditures for capital outlays, such as the acquisition of capital facilities and capital assets.

Under the Capital Project Fund type, the District maintains two (2) sub-categories as noted below:

1) In June 2009, the District created a capital project fund to deposit the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2009, proceeds to finance renovations and alterations to the C. E. McCall Middle School. In June 2010, the district deposited the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2010, which were also for the renovations and alterations to the C. E. McCall Middle School. The fund balance for this sub-category is represented on Table A-3, noted as "Bond Proceeds for Capital Improvements."

The \$115,359 decrease in this sub-category is the result of capital outlay for the renovations and alterations to the C. E. McCall Middle School.

2) The District is actively preparing for unexpected as well as proposed capital projects each year. In order to finance these projects without the need for additional borrowing issues or significant burden to the taxpayers, the District makes regular budgeted transfers from the General Fund to a Capital Reserve Fund. The Capital Reserve Fund was created pursuant to Section 1432 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Municipal Code. The fund balance for this sub-category is represented on Table A-3, noted as "Reserved for Future Capital Improvements."

At the end of the fiscal year, \$530,000 was transferred to this sub-category from unexpended general fund appropriations.

The total Capital Project Fund increase of approximately \$424,000 was the net result of interest earnings, as well as the capital outlay and transfer described above.

Debt Service Fund -

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated to provide for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest. Budgeted transfers from the General Fund are used to pay the Series A of 2005, Series of 2009, and Series of 2010 General Obligation Bonds through the Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary Fund -

At June 30, 2013, the District's sole business-type activity, the proprietary fund, reported total net position of \$600,946. The proprietary fund records the activities of the food service program, which operates on a break-even basis and receives limited support from tax revenues. Food service receives both federal and state subsidies for milk and lunch. Food service also receives some government commodities on a routine basis. The majority of revenues come from the students and other users of services as displayed in Table A-5.

	Table A-5							
Fisca		End Comparis						
	гюр	2012	2013		Percent			
		Amount		Amount	١,	Dollar Change	Change	
Revenues		Amount Amount			<u> </u>	Oriarigo	Onlange	
Food Service Revenue	\$	498,315	\$	458,521	(\$	39,794)	(7.99)%	
Other Operating Revenues	\$	7,853	\$	5,831	(\$	2,022)	(25.75)%	
State Subsidies	\$	47,538	\$	49,801	\$	2,263	4.76 %	
Federal Subsidies	\$	276,215	\$	278,092	\$	1,877	0.68 %	
Total	\$	829,921	\$	792,245	(\$	37,676)	(4.54)%	
Expenditures							_	
Salaries	\$	248,047	\$	256,008	\$	7,961	3.21 %	
Employee Benefits	\$	96,834	\$	116,445	\$	19,611	20.25 %	
Purchased Property Services	\$	10,709	\$	10,130	(\$	579)	(5.41)%	
Other Purchased Service	\$	500	\$	-	(\$	500)	(100.00)%	
Supplies	\$	408,787	\$	404,951	(\$	3,836)	(0.94)%	
Depreciation	\$	58,897	\$	54,009	(\$	4,888)	(8.30)%	
Dues and Fees	\$	300	\$	-	(\$	300)	(100.00)%	
Other Operating Expenses	\$	142	\$	451	\$	309	217.76 %	
Total	\$	824,216	\$	841,994	\$	17,778	2.16 %	
Interfund transfers In	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	- %	
Capital Contributions	\$	3,634	\$	-	(\$	3,634)	(100.00)%	
Change in Net Position	\$	9,339	(\$	49,749)	(\$	59,088)	(632.70)%	

General Fund Budget

A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 35.

The District applies for federal, state, and local grants which cannot always be anticipated in the budgeting process. In addition, the District budgets revenues conservatively to prevent a shortfall of funds during the fiscal year. Other unanticipated revenues also account for increases in budgeted revenues; examples include revenues from the rental of district facilities and student tuition.

Budgeted expenditures and other financing uses generally increase to offset or compensate for any additional approved federal, state, or local grants. Transfers between specific categories of expenditures/financing uses occur near the end of the year.

Budgetary Reserve is set aside to transfer for unpredictable changes in the costs of goods and services as well as occurrences of events that are vaguely predictable during budget preparations, which nevertheless may be required by the District during the fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$39,252,572 net of depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. Accumulated depreciation for both Governmental and Business-Type activities totaled \$21,699,682 at year end. As displayed in Table A-6, the majority of asset acquisitions were for furniture and equipment placed in service during the 2012-2013 fiscal year.

Table A-6										
Fiscal Year End Comparison June 30, 2012 – June 30, 2013										
Capital Assets – Net of Depreciation										
	Govern	mental		Busine	ss-T	ype	Inc	rease (Decre	ease)
	Activities Activities				E	By Activity Type				
(Amounts expressed in Thousands)	2012	2013	2	2012	2	2013	Govern.		Bus	siness
Land and Improvements	\$ 2,177	\$ 2,065	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	112)	\$	-
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$ 35,971	\$ 35,184	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	787)	\$	-
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 1,038	\$ 1,203	\$	514	\$	460	\$	165	(\$	54)
Construction in Progress	\$ 234	\$ 340	\$	-	\$	-	\$	106	\$	-
Total	\$ 39,420 \$ 38,792 \$ 514 \$ 460 (\$ 628) (\$ 54)									
									-	

The District commenced with renovations and alterations to the C.E. McCall Middle school during the summer 2009. The C.E. McCall Middle School facilities were upgraded to enhance the educational experience of the Montoursville Area School District students. The upgrades included a new cafeteria dining hall that serves as a performing arts area, a new cafeteria kitchen, an enclosed courtyard that houses a new library (making additional instructional space available where the old library was located), existing classroom renovations, and the installation of an energy efficient geo-thermal heating system. The total estimated cost of the renovations and alterations was approximately \$19.7 million. As of June 30, 2013, the project was substantially complete and placed in service; however, a small number of items remained outstanding to achieve final completion of the project.

Debt Administration

During the year, the District made payments against principal of \$1,680,000, resulting in outstanding debt as of June 30, 2013 of \$19,915,000; this is displayed in Table A-7.

Table A-7 Outstanding Debt Comparison June 30, 2012 – June 30, 2013									
Outstanding De	ot Comparison June 30, 2	2012 – June 30, 2013							
	2012	2013	Increase (Decrease)						
Bonds, Series A of 2005	\$ 1,510,000	\$ 950,000	(\$ 560,000)						
Bonds, Series of 2009	\$ 8,985,000	\$ 8,980,000	(\$ 5,000)						
Bonds, Series of 2010	\$ 11,100,000	\$ 9,985,000	(\$ 1,115,000)						
Total Debt Outstanding	\$ 21,595,000	\$ 19,915,000	(\$ 1,680,000)						

Other obligations include lease purchase obligations and compensated absences for specific employees of the District. More detailed information about long-term liabilities is included in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS

Public School Employees Retirement System

The Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) incurred substantial losses during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. PSERS reported the actual rate of return for that period was a negative 26.54%. This was exemplified by the fact that on June 30, 2008 net PSERS plan assets were \$67.5 billion and on June 30, 2009 the plan assets had dropped to \$43.2 billion. The decrease of PSERS assets was a major contributing factor causing significant increases to the employer contribution rates for future years starting in the 2012-2013 school year. On November 23, 2010, Act 120 of 2010 was enacted, which included a series of actuarial and funding changes to PSERS as well as benefit reductions for individuals who became new members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2011. According to PSERS, "the legislation was designed to suppress the employer contribution rate by using rate caps in future years to keep the rate from rising too high, too fast." The employer contribution rate is projected to increase approximately 4% per year until 2015-2016, then reduce to an annual increase of approximately 0.5% per year until 2019-2020, when the rates are projected to stabilize for several years.

In 2009, the District established a fund balance to mitigate the anticipated increases in the PSERS employer contribution rate and for the year ended June 30, 2013, the fund balance totaled \$1,848,150. The District plans to use \$116,000 of the committed fund balance during the 2013-2014 fiscal year to mitigate the increase in the PSERS employer contribution rate. The District contributed at a rate of 12.36% of payroll to PSERS for the 2012-2013 school year and is contributing a rate of 16.93% of payroll for the 2013-2014 school year.

Additional information regarding this matter can be obtained from the PSERS web site (<u>www.psers.state.pa.us</u>) under "Pension Funding and Act 120 Resources."

Other than those issues listed in the MD&A or in the notes to the basic financial statements, there are no facts currently known to management that would materially impact the financial statements either favorably or unfavorably at this time.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The Montoursville Area School District financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If there are questions about this report or additional financial information is needed, please contact Mr. Robert E. Saul, Business Manager at Montoursville Area School District, 50 North Arch Street, Montoursville, PA 17754, (570) 368-3500.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

JU	NE 30, 2013		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,465,932	\$ 140,685	\$ 8,606,617
Investments	980,000	Ψ 140,000	980,000
	-		
Taxes receivable, net	858,674		858,674
Prepaid expenses	38,752		38,752
Due from other governments	709,254	3,194	712,448
Inventories		28,674	28,674
Other receivables	51,058	436	51,494
Total current assets	11,103,670	172,989	11,276,659
CAPITAL ASSETS:			
Land and improvements	2,711,776		2,711,776
Buildings and building improvements	52,131,259		52,131,259
Furniture and equipment	4,670,687	1,097,947	5,768,634
		1,097,947	
Construction in progress	340,585	(007 704)	340,585
Accumulated depreciation	(21,061,961)	(637,721)	(21,699,682)
Total capital assets, net	38,792,346	460,226	39,252,572
BOND ISSUANCE COSTS, NET	304,970		304,970
Total noncurrent assets	39,097,316	460,226	39,557,542
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 50,200,986	\$ 633,215	\$ 50,834,201
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 724,319		\$ 724,319
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,181,829	\$ 102	
		φ 102	2,181,931
Accrued interest	146,482		146,482
Payroll deductions and withholdings	12,844		12,844
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	1,779,491		1,779,491
Deferred revenue		32,167	32,167
Other current liabilities	9,491	·	9,491
Total current liabilities	4,854,456	32,269	4,886,725
		·	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Bonds payable, net	18,216,221		18,216,221
Accumulated compensated absences, net	934,087		934,087
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,150,308		19,150,308
Total liabilities	24,004,764	32,269	24,037,033
			
NET POSITION:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,832,854	460,226	19,293,080
Restricted for capital projects	3,255,620	, -	3,255,620
Unrestricted	4,107,748	140,720	4,248,468
Total net position	26,196,222	600,946	26,797,168
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET DOSITION	¢ 50,000,000	¢ 600 045	¢ 50 004 004
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	<u>\$ 50,200,986</u>	\$ 633,215	\$ 50,834,201

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Program Revenue	es		(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Asse	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
Instruction	\$14,584,989	\$ 77,902	\$2,516,303		\$(11,990,784)		\$(11,990,784)
Instructional student support	2,212,568		430,012		(1,782,556)		(1,782,556)
Administrative and financial support	1,824,948		105,800		(1,719,148)		(1,719,148)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	2,983,352		83,383		(2,899,969)		(2,899,969)
Pupil transportation	1,073,144		540,670		(532,474)		(532,474)
Student activities	536,466	58,737	16,301		(461,428)		(461,428)
Community services	3,750	6,756	125		3,131		3,131
Interest on long-term debt	836,750		440,159		(396,591)		(396,591)
Total governmental activities	24,055,967	143,395	4,132,753		(19,779,819)		(19,779,819)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES,							
Food service	841,994	458,521	327,893		-	<u>\$ (55,580</u>)	(55,580)
TOTAL	\$24,897,961	\$601,916	\$4,460,646	\$	(19,779,819)	(55,580)	(19,835,399)
	GENERAL REVEN	IUES AND SPEC	CIAL ITEMS:				
	Property taxes, lev		urposes		10,030,008		10,030,008
	Other taxes levied,	net			3,934,496		3,934,496
	Grants and entitler	nents not restrict	ed to specific pro	grams	7,196,017		7,196,017
	Investment earning	,			22,145		22,145
	Miscellaneous inco				23,743	5,831	29,574
	Loss on disposal o	f capital assets			(845)		(845)
	Total general reve	nues and special	items		21,205,564	5,831	21,211,395
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			1,425,745	(49,749)	1,375,996
	NET POSITION, B	EGINNING			24,770,477	650,695	25,421,172
	NET POSITION, E	NDING			\$ 26,196,222	\$600,946	\$ 26,797,168

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	JUNE 30, 2013			
	0	Osmital Busine	Dalu Oami	Total
	General	Capital Projects		Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$5,111,713	\$3,354,219		\$ 8,465,932
Investments	735,000	245,000		980,000
Taxes receivable, net	852,326			852,326
Due from other governments	709,254			709,254
Other receivables	51,058			51,058
Prepaid expenses	61,075			61,075
TOTAL ASSETS	\$7,520,426	\$3,599,219	\$	\$ 11,119,645
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 380,720	\$ 343,599		\$ 724,319
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,181,829			2,181,829
Payroll deductions and withholdings	12,844			12,844
Deferred revenue	416,577			416,577
Other liabilities	9,491			9,491
Total liabilities	3,001,461	343,599		3,345,060
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable	61,075			61,075
Restricted	01,070	3,255,620		3,255,620
Committed	1,848,150	0,200,020		1,848,150
Unassigned	2,609,740			2,609,740
Ondoorghod	2,000,140			2,000,740
Total fund balances	4,518,965	3,255,620		7,774,585
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$7,520,426	\$3,599,219	<u>\$</u>	\$11,119,645

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2013

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 7,774,585
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resource and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These assets consist of:	es
Land and improvements	2,711,776
Buildings and building improvements	52,131,259
Furniture and equipment	4,670,687
Construction in progress	318,262
Accumulated depreciation	(21,061,961)
Other noncurrent assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditure and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
The noncurrent assets consist of bond issuance costs.	304,970
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These liabilities consist of:	ore
Accrued interest	(146,482)
Capital leases	(44,491)
Bonds payable in future years	(19,951,221)
Accumulated compensated absences	(934,087)
Some of the District's revenues will be collected after year end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's	
expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds.	422,925
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 26,196,222
NET I COITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	φ 20, 130,222

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

101(11)	IL 12/11(21 1 020)	00.12 00, 2010		Total
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Local sources	\$ 14,571,653	\$ 9,314		\$ 14,580,967
State sources	10,603,365	,		10,603,365
Federal sources	318,054			318,054
Total revenues	25,493,072	9,314		25,502,386
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction	13,915,126			13,915,126
Support services	7,893,946	38,945		7,932,891
Noninstructional services	543,419			543,419
Debt service (principal and interest)	90,629		\$ 2,406,755	2,497,384
Capital outlay		76,701		76,701
Refund of prior year receipts	4,781			4,781
Total expenditures	22,447,901	115,646	2,406,755	24,970,302
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	3,045,171	(106,332)	(2,406,755)	532,084
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Interfund transfers in		530,000	2,406,755	2,936,755
Interfund transfers out	(2,941,755)			(2,941,755)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,941,755)	530,000	2,406,755	(5,000)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER				
FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES				
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	103,416	423,668		527,084
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	4,415,549	2,831,952		7,247,501
1 3.15 5.15 WOLO, BLOWWING	- 1,110,040	2,001,002		1,271,001
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 4,518,965</u>	\$ 3,255,620	\$	\$ 7,774,585

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 527,084
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays, net of deletions, in the current period.	(650,367)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	5,625
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,680,000
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds; however, capital leases entered into during the year increase long-term liabilities and the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	86,584
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) and special termination benefits (early retirement) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of the financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	(117,231)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities; however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(105,950)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$1,425,745

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

30NE 30, 2013	
	Food Service Fund
	Service Furia
ASSETS:	
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 140,685
Due from other governments	3,194
Other receivables	436
Inventories	28,674
Total current assets	172,989
CAPITAL ASSETS:	
Furniture and equipment	1,097,947
Accumulated depreciation	(637,721)
Capital assets, net	460,226
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 633,215</u>
LIARU ITIES AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION:	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	\$ 102
Accrued salaries and withholdings payable Deferred revenue	32,167
Deletica revenue	<u> </u>
Total liabilties	32,269
i otal liabilities	32,209
NET POSITION:	
Invested in capital assets	460,226
Unrestricted	140,720
	<u> </u>
Total net position	600,946
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 633,215

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Food
	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	•
Food service revenue	\$ 458,521
Other operating revenues	5,831
Total operating revenues	464,352
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries	256,008
Employee benefits	116,445
Purchased property services	10,130
Supplies	404,951
Depreciation	54,009
Travel	451
Total operating expenses	841,994
OPERATING LOSS	(377,642)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:	
State subsidies	49,801
Federal subsidies	278,092
Total nonoperating revenues, net	327,893
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(49,749)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	650,695
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 600,946

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Food
	Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from users Cash received from other operating revenues Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees	\$ 460,818 7,399 (386,273) (372,351)
Net cash used by operating activities	(290,407)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: State sources Federal sources	69,930 248,239
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	318,169
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	27,762
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	112,923
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	<u>\$ 140,685</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Depreciation Donated commodities Change in: Inventories	\$ (377,642) 54,009 31,023 (5,850)
Receivables Deferred revenue Payables	1,568 6,502 (17)
Total adjustments	87,235
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (290,407)</u>
NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES, The District received \$35,228 of food commodities.	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

00112 00, 2010		
	Scholarship	Agency
	Trust Funds	Funds
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,654	\$ 99,628
Investments		23,000
Accounts receivable		131
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$10,654</u>	<u>\$122,759</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION: LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,224	\$ 12,335
Due to student groups	<u> </u>	110,424
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,224	122,759
NET POSITION,		
Restricted for scholarships	7,430	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	<u>\$10,654</u>	\$122,759

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Scholarship Trust Funds
ADDITIONS: Gifts and contributions Investment income	\$57,220 <u>9</u>
Total additions	57,229
DEDUCTIONS, Scholarships awarded	60,721
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(3,492)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	10,922
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 7,430</u>

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the Montoursville Area School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the District. Based upon the application of this criterion, the reporting entity will consist solely of the accounts and funds of the District.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund

This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Pennsylvania.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Enterprise Fund

This fund (food service fund) is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust and Agency Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the District except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the propriety fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activity of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or government function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if applicable, are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers delinquent real estate taxes and derived tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days and 30 days of the end of the fiscal period, respectively. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except expenditures for debt service, prepaid expenses, and other longterm obligations, which are recognized when paid. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of all economic resources (measurement focus). This basis of accounting and measurement focus emphasizes the measurement of net income similar to the approach used by commercial enterprises, and revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating revenues and expenses which generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contracted services, supplies, utilities and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted in each year for the general fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

At the fund level, actual expenses cannot exceed budgeted appropriations; however, with proper approval of the Board, budgetary transfers can be made. The budgetary comparison schedule presented in this report reflects the final budget authorization, including all amendments and budgetary transfers.

The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the District's budget and reporting of its financial statements, specifically:

- ➤ The District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.
- The District is required to publish notice by advertisement, at least once, in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipality in which it is located, and within fifteen days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative office of the District.
- The Board may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members of the Board is required.
- Fund balances in budgetary funds may be appropriated based on resolutions passed by the Board, which authorized the District to make expenditures. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. In order to preserve a portion of an appropriation for which an expenditure has been committed by a purchase order, contract or other form of commitment, an encumbrance is recorded. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances.
- Included in the general fund budget are program budgets as prescribed by the state and federal agencies funding the program. These budgets are approved on a program by program basis by the state or federal funding agency.
- Capital budgets are not established for capital improvements and capital projects in the capital projects fund. Additionally, all transactions of the capital projects fund are approved by the board prior to commitment, thereby constructively achieving budgetary control.
- The District does not adopt a formal budget for the proprietary fund and debt service fund.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

year. As of June 30, 2013, the District had no outstanding encumbrances. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the fund financial statements. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and liquid asset funds (Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund), carried at cost.

The District pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements.

Investments

Investments held in the general fund, capital projects fund and the fiduciary funds consist of certificates of deposit stated at cost which approximates fair value. For purposes of determining realized gain or loss on sale, the cost of securities sold is determined by using the specific identification method. The fair value of investments is estimated based on bid prices published in financial newspapers or bid quotations received from securities dealers.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, transactions may occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the governmental funds balance sheet. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid balances represent payments made by the District in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

Inventories

Proprietary fund food inventories of \$28,674 include \$14,940 of food commodities donated by the federal government, which are valued at fair value. All other food or supply inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or fair value and are expensed as consumed.

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion expected to be uncollectible. Taxes which become payable during fiscal year 2013 and are uncollected as of June 30, 2013 are recorded as taxes receivable in the government-wide financial statements, net of amounts estimated to be uncollectible. Management estimates the adequacy of the allowance for uncollectible taxes receivable based upon the historical experience in collecting these taxes. The allowance for uncollectible taxes receivable was \$28,691 as of June 30, 2013.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and building improvements, furniture and equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. The District defines capital assets as assets which have an original cost of \$4,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements20 yearsBuildings and building improvements20-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-20 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities' and business-type activities' statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Leasing

The District leases equipment under capital lease arrangements (See Note 9).

Bond Issuance Costs and Amortization

The cost of issuance of the Series A of 2005, 2009 and 2010 bonds is being amortized, utilizing the straight-line method, over the life of the bonds. Amortization

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

expense included in the statement of activities amounted to \$42,132 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Deferred Bond Premium, Discount and Loss on Refinancing and Amortization

The premium recognized upon the issuance of the Series of 2010 bonds is being amortized utilizing the straight-line method, over the life of the bonds. The discount recognized upon the issuance of the Series of A of 2005 and 2009 bonds is being amortized utilizing the straight-line method, over the life of the bonds. The loss recognized in the refinancing of the Series of 2001 and 2005 bond is being amortized, utilizing the straight-line method, over the life of the bonds. The loss and net premium have been capitalized as contra-liability accounts offsetting bonds payable in the accompanying statement of net position. Amortization expense included in the statement of activities amounted to \$78,623 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Fund Equity

In the governmental fund financial statements, the fund balance amounts are classified based on GASB Statement No. 54 as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance that cannot be spent because it is not in spendable form such as inventories, prepaids and long-term loans and notes receivable (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the Board of School Directors.
- ➤ Assigned fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Business Manager has the authority to assign a fund balance.
- ➤ Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Unrestricted net position for proprietary funds represent the net assets available for future distribution.

The District has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

regulations of other governments. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because it was not used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, taxes and other receivables, accounts payable and noncurrent liabilities. The carrying value of these financial instruments approximates their fair values at June 30, 2013.

Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2013, \$370,688 of the District's bank balance of \$9,872,801 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution	<u>\$ 370,688</u>

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Collateralized with securities held by financial institution amount above Plus insured amount Less outstanding checks Carrying amount Plus petty cash Plus pooled cash equivalents in:	\$ 370,688 6,259,629 (153,501) 6,476,816 600
General fund Capital Projects fund Less certificates of deposit considered investments by school code	884,623 2,357,860 (1,003,000)
Total cash and cash equivalents per financial statements	<u>\$8,716,899</u>

3. INVESTMENTS:

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U. S. treasury, agencies and instrumentalities of the U. S. government, deposits in savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

As of June 30, 2013, investments consisted of the following:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset - Max Series	1-12 months	\$1,003,000 3,238,843
Total investments		<u>\$4,241,843</u>

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2013, the investments were rated as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Standard & Poor's

Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund - Max Series AAA

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. The District has no investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Total investments per above	\$ 4,241,843
Less deposits in investment pool considered cash equivalents	<u>(3,238,843</u>)
Total investments per financial statements	<u>\$ 1,003,000</u>

4. REAL ESTATE TAXES:

The tax on real estate, as levied by the School Board, was 13.31 mills (\$13.31 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) for fiscal year 2013. The original assessed value at July 1, 2012, upon which the 2013 levy was based, was \$788,754,570. Assessed valuations of property are determined by Lycoming County and the elected tax collectors are responsible for collection. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for each fiscal year is as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

July 1Levy DateJuly 1 - August 312% Discount PeriodSeptember 1 - October 31Face Payment PeriodNovember 1 - December 3110% Penalty PeriodJanuary 1Lien Date

Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2013 were 95.5% of the tax levy. Estimated collectible delinquent real estate taxes at June 30, 2013 amounted to \$485,912.

5. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Amounts due from other governments represent receivables for revenues earned by the District or collections made by another governmental unit on behalf of the District. At June 30, 2013, the following amounts are due from other governments:

	General Fund	Proprietary Fund	<u>Total</u>
Federal State Local	\$ 47,051 345,696 <u>316,507</u>	\$2,909 285	\$ 49,960 345,981 316,507
Total	<u>\$709,254</u>	<u>\$3,194</u>	<u>\$712,448</u>

6. CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2012	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2013
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 184,579 234,340	\$ 407,647	\$ (301,402)	\$ 184,579 <u>340,585</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	418,919	407,647	(301,402)	525,164
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Building and building improvements Furniture and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	2,527,197 51,807,908 4,304,545 58,639,650 (19,638,179) 39,001,471 \$39,420,390	323,351 372,107 695,458 (1,428,902) (733,444) \$ (325,797)	(5,965) (5,965) 5,120 (845) \$ (302,247)	2,527,197 52,131,259 4,670,687 59,329,143 (21,061,961) 38,267,182 \$ 38,792,346
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Capital Assets, being depreciated, Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,097,947			\$ 1,097,947
Accumulated depreciation	(583,712)	\$ (54,009)		(637,721)

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balance June 30, 2012	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2013</u>	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 514,2 <u>35</u>	<u>\$ (54,009)</u>		\$ 460,226	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 514,235</u>	<u>\$ (54,009</u>)	\$	\$ 460,226	
Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:					
Instruction Instructional student support Administrative and financial support Operation and maintenance of plant serv Pupil transportation Student activities	vices		\$ 654,7 22,6 42,7 694,2 2,0 13,0	672 759 233 068	

\$1,428,902

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

Total

Retirement Severance Benefit

An administrator, upon permanent retirement from the field of public education, is paid \$60 for each unused sick day accumulated by the employee, subject to certain limitations. Non-professional employees upon retirement are paid \$50 for each year of service, not to exceed a total of 25 years and those with ten years of service with the District, will be paid \$20 for each unused sick day or provided \$30 for each unused sick day to offset the cost of the employee's healthcare benefits. At June 30, 2013, the estimated liability for accumulated retirement severance benefit due upon retirement or termination of certain administrators and non-professional employees was \$139,580. This liability has been recorded in accumulated compensated absences in the government-wide statement of net assets. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District made payments amounting to approximately \$4,500.

8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Plan Description

The District provides postretirement healthcare benefits up to age 65 for teachers and administrative employees who retire with at least 35 years of public school service in Pennsylvania. Teachers and administrative employees may also qualify by retiring with 30 years of public school service in Pennsylvania once they have attained the age of 60 for teachers or age 55 for administrators. The employee also shall have completed 15 years of service with the District. The cost of such medical and dental coverage for retirees and spouses is determined by the contract provisions at the time of retirement. The plan provides post-retirement medical, prescription drug, and dental benefits. The plan is unfunded and no financial report is prepared. These benefits are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Retired professional employees who are ineligible under the above requirements and choose to participate in the medical plan must pay the appropriate insurance premium of a tiered rate structure.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the School Board. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, i.e. premiums are paid annually to fund the healthcare benefits provided to current retirees. Retiree contribution rates and amounts vary depending on classification and years of service with the District. The District paid premiums of approximately \$18,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Total retiree contributions made by plan members were approximately \$278,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contributions (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following show the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation (estimated) Adjustment to annual required contribution (estimated)	\$ 418,511 30,836 (42,067)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	407,280
Contributions made (estimated)	(298,009)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	109,271
Net OPEB obligation at July 1, 2012	685,236
Net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2013	<u>\$ 794,507</u>

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for June 30, 2013 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost <u>Contributed</u>	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$407,280	73.0%	\$794,507
June 30, 2012	\$439,899	60.0%	\$685,236
June 30, 2011	\$443,223	54.2%	\$509,267

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 3,835,751
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 3,835,751
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/UAAL)	0%
Covered payroll	<u>\$11,000,629</u>
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	34.87%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarial amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the District are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the District's retirement benefits plan at the time of the valuation. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations in the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the efforts of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal method was used. Under the entry age normal cost method, the normal cost is the present value of benefits allocated to the year following the valuation date. Benefits are allocated on a level basis over the earnings of an individual between the date of hire and the assumed retirement age. The accrued liability as of the valuation date is the excess of the present value of future benefits over the present value of future normal cost. The unfunded accrued liability is the excess of the accrued liability over the actuarial value of assets. Actuarial gains and losses serve to reduce or increase the unfunded accrued liability.

The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return, which is the expected rate to be earned on the District's deposits and investments, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% in 2012, reduced by .5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5.5% in 2016. Rates gradually decrease from 5.3% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2089 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll over a thirty year period on an open basis.

9. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:

The following is a summary of changes in the governmental activities noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance June 30, <u>2012</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	Amortization	Balance June 30, <u>2013</u>	Amounts Due in One Year
General obligation bonds payable Less deferred net bond premium (discount) and loss on	\$21,595,000		\$1,680,000		\$19,915,000	\$1,735,000
refinancing	(42,402)			<u>\$78,623</u>	36,221	
Total	21,552,598		1,680,000	78,623	19,951,221	1,735,000
Capital leases Accumulated compensated	131,075		86,584		44,491	44,491
absences	<u>816,856</u>	<u>\$419,705</u>	302,474		934,087	
Total	<u>\$22,500,529</u>	<u>\$419,705</u>	\$2,069,058	<u>\$78,623</u>	\$20,929,799	<u>\$1,779,491</u>

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2013 are comprised of the following:

Series A of 2005, due in varying installments through January 2014, with interest rates ranging from 3.65% to 3.75% per annum.	\$ 950,000
Series of 2009, due in varying installments through April 2023, with interest rates ranging from 2.15% to 4.0% per annum.	8,980,000
Series of 2010, due in varying installments through May 2023, with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% per annum.	9,985,000
Total	19,915,000
Less amounts due in one year	1,735,000
Plus deferred net bond premium and loss on refinancing	36,221
Noncurrent portion of general obligation bonds payable	\$18,216,221

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 - 2023	\$ 1,735,000 1,810,000 1,870,000 1,935,000 1,995,000 10,570,000	\$ 682,978 629,777 568,753 503,253 445,720 1,158,192	\$ 2,417,978 2,439,777 2,438,753 2,438,253 2,440,720 11,728,192
Total	<u>\$19,915,000</u>	\$3,988,673	\$23,903,673

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The District leases equipment under the terms of a capital lease. The economic substance of the leases are that the District is financing the acquisition of the equipment through these leases. The following is an analysis of equipment leased under a capital lease included in capital assets as of June 30, 2013:

Governmental activities capital assets:

Furniture and equipment \$ 752,156 Accumulated depreciation \$ (149,177)

Furniture and equipment, net \$602,979

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital lease and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2013:

2014 \$45,314

Less amounts representing interest 823

Present value of future minimum lease payments \$44,491

The interest rate on the capitalized lease is 3.69% and is imputed based on the lessor's implicit rate of return.

The present value of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013 has been classified, as follows, in the accompanying statement of net assets.

Current portion of noncurrent liabilities

<u>\$44,491</u>

The total interest expense related to the general obligation bonds and capital leases for the year ended June 30, 2013 amounted to \$836,750. No interest expense was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2013.

10. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN:

Plan Description, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

The District participates in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System (System), a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The System is administered under authority of the Public School Employees' Retirement Code and provides retirement and disability benefits, legislatively mandated ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments, and healthcare insurance premium assistance to qualified annuitants. At June 30, 2013, the most recent year for which data was available, there were 797 participating employers, generally school districts.

The contribution policy is established in the Public School Employees' Retirement Code and requires contributions by active members, employers, and the Commonwealth. Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002. Members who joined the system after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the members qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Member Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in ACT 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% Contributions required of employers are based upon an actuarial and 12.30%. valuation. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the rate of employers' contribution was 12.36% of covered payroll. The 12.36% rate is composed of a pension contribution rate of 11.50% for pension benefits and .86% for healthcare insurance premium assistance.

The District's required contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$1,265,281, \$911,224 and \$633,662, respectively, all of which were made.

The System issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to: Office of Financial Management, Public School Employees' Retirement System, 5 North 5th Street, Harrisburg, PA 17101-1905.

11. SIGNIFICANT GROUP CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK:

The District's operations are located in Montoursville, Pennsylvania. Its service area is located within the geographic boundaries of the District. The District assesses taxpayers, within its service area, based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of each of the District's taxpayers to honor their assessed obligations to the District is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting the taxpayers.

12. CONTINGENCIES:

Grants

The District participates in both state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The District is potentially liable for any expenditures which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. It is the opinion of management that requests for reimbursements, if any, by either state or federal governments based on subsequent audits will not be material in relation to the District's financial statements as of June 30, 2013.

Litigation

The District is subject to claims arising out of its normal operations. In the opinion of management, after review and consultation with counsel, any proceedings that may be assessed will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District or results of its operations.

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. It is the policy of the District to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of loss to which it is exposed, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance.

13. COMMITMENTS:

The District has contractual obligations for the renovations to existing buildings in the amount of approximately \$348,000 of which approximately \$203,000 has been paid or accrued as of June 30, 2013.

14. JOINT VENTURES:

The District and other surrounding educational institutions created a joint venture, the Lycoming County Insurance Consortium Pooled Trust (Trust). The District self-insures through the Trust for certain healthcare benefits provided to current and former employees. The Trust has purchased an excess policy which covers employee health benefit claims in excess of \$375,000. Claims are recognized as an expense when paid (cash basis) which is not materially different from the accrual basis. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District made payments for healthcare benefit claims of approximately \$3,089,000 to the Trust. Audited financial statements of the Trust are available.

The District and other surrounding educational institutions created a jointly governed organization, the Lycoming Career and Technology Center (Center), to provide vocational and technical education for students of the participating school districts. The governing board of the Center is comprised of a director from each participating school district. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the District paid approximately \$218,000 to the Center. As of June 30, 2013, there were no amounts due to or due from the Center. Audited financial statements of the Center are available.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 20, 2013 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

16. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. The Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This Statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations. This Statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The District has

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements due to the adoption of this Statement.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. This statement establishes financial reporting standards for separately issued financial reports. This statement requires disclosure of the details of a plan, the presentation of a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information for the ten most recent fiscal years. The statement also provides guidance on the measurement of net pension liability. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013. The District has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements due to adoption of this Statement.

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The District has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements due to adoption of this Statement.

In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. Disclosures are required to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The District has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements due to the adoption of this statement.

In April 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees*. This statement requires a government that extends a nonexchange financial guarantee to recognize a liability when qualitative factors and historical data indicate that it is more likely than not that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee. Disclosures of guarantees are required. This statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The District has not determined the effect, if any, on the financial statements due to the adoption of this statement.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	
REVENUES:				
Local sources	\$13,406,967	\$13,406,967	\$14,571,653	
State sources	10,353,151	10,353,151	10,603,365	
Federal sources	357,100	357,100	318,054	
Total revenues	24,117,218	24,117,218	25,493,072	
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction	14,163,013	14,163,013	13,915,126	
Support services	8,426,367	8,426,367	7,893,946	
Noninstructional services	605,625	605,625	543,419	
Debt service (principal and interest)	90,640	90,640	90,629	
Refund of prior year receipts			4,781	
Total expenditures	23,285,645	23,285,645	22,447,901	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	831,573	831,573	3,045,171	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Interfund transfers out	(2,616,790)	(2,616,790)	(2,941,755)	
Budgetary reserve	(530,793)	(530,793)		
Total other financing uses	(3,147,583)	(3,147,583)	(2,941,755)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES				
AND OTHER FINANCING USES	(2,316,010)	(2,316,010)	103,416	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4,164,160	4,164,160	4,415,549	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 1,848,150	\$ 1,848,150	\$ 4,518,965	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			'	OR THE TEAR ENDED	7 JUINE 30, 201	J					
Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grant Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Grant Amount		Total Received for the Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2012	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2013
Crantol/i Togram Title	Code	Number	Number	Lituing Date	Amount		i Gai	July 1, 2012	Recognized	Lxperiditures	Julie 30, 2013
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: Title I Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	13-120264A	07/01/11-09/30/12	\$231,930		\$ 45,185	\$ 45,185			
Title I Improving Basic Programs	İ	84.010	13-130264A	07/01/12-09/30/13	244,903		197,852		\$ 244,903	\$ 244,903	\$ 47,051
Total Title I, Part A Cluster							243,037	45,185	244,903	244,903	47,051
Title II Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	20-130264A	07/01/12-09/30/13	73,151		73,151		73,151	73,151	
ARRA - Education Jobs Fund	1	84.410	140-120264	07/01/11-09/30/12	7,288		7,228	7,228			
Passed through BLaST Intermediate Unit #17:											
IDEA	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/11-06/30/12	N/A		40,557	40,557			
IDEA Extended School Year	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A		33,675		33,675	33,675	
IDEA	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A		100,000		213,993	213,993	113,993
Total IDEA Cluster							174,232	40,557	247,668	247,668	113,993
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION							497,648	92,970	565,722	565,722	161,044
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:											
National School Lunch Program Passed through the Pennsylvania	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A		219,677	3,412	218,631	218,631	2,366
Department of Agriculture:											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A	(a)	35,228	(b) <u>(10,735)</u>	31,023	(c) 31,023	(d) <u>(14,940)</u>
Total							254,905	(7,323)	249,654	249,654	(12,574)
School Breakfast Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A		28,562 283,467	667 (6,656)	28,438 278,092	28,438 278,092	543 (12,031)
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE							283,467	(6,656)	278,092	278,092	(12,031)
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS							\$ 781,115	\$ 86,314	\$ 843,814	\$ 843,814	\$149,013

SOURCE CODES:

N/A - Not applicable

I - Indirect Funding

FOOTNOTES:

- (a) Total amount of commodities received.
- (b) Beginning inventory at July 1, 2012.
- (c) Total amount of commodities used.
- (d) Ending inventory at June 30, 2013

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Montoursville Area School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*.

2. PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:

The following schedule summarizes the National School Lunch Program activity:

Program Title	Total Received for the Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2012	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2013
Food Nutrition Service- Lunch	\$22,733	\$366	\$22,594	\$22,594	\$227
Food Nutrition Service- Brkfst-Needy	2,778	69	2,762	2,762	53
Lunch-Nutritional Standards Incentive	13	13			
Breakfast-Nutritional Standards Incentive	3	3			
Total	\$25,527	<u>\$451</u>	\$25,356	<u>\$25,356</u>	<u>\$280</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors Montoursville Area School District Montoursville, Pennsylvania:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Montoursville Area School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency, is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions

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of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Larson, Kellett & Associates P.C.

Montoursville, Pennsylvania November 20, 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of School Directors Montoursville Area School District Montoursville, Pennsylvania:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Montoursville Area School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

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Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2013-1. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

District's Response to Finding

This District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies my exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2013-1, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lawon, Kellett & Associates P.C.

Montoursville, Pennsylvania November 20, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

None.

Type of auditors	report issued:	Unmodi	fied.		
Internal control over financial reporting:Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified			yes	x	no
weaknesses	considered to be material ?		yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance noted?	material to financial statements		yes	X	no
Federal Awards	3				
Internal control over major programs:Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified			yes	X	no
that are not d weakness(es	considered to be material s)?	X	yes		none reported
Type of auditors	report issued on compliance for r	najor prog	grams:	Unmodifie	ed.
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?		X	yes		no
Identification of r	major programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program				
10.553 10.555	School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$300,00	<u>0</u>		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	yes		no
SECTION II - FII	NANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDIN	GS			
SIGNIFICANT D	EFICIENCIES				

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

2013-1. National School Lunch Program - CFDA No. 10.555, School Breakfast Program - CFDA No. 10.553; Grant Period - Year Ended June 30, 2013

Criteria: The number of students receiving free and reduced meals is used to calculate the District's federal and state revenue.

Condition: Parents complete an application which provides financial information used to determine eligibility for free and reduced meals. The application information is input into the WinSNAP System which determines a student's eligibility. This information is not reviewed by a supervisor for accuracy.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context. Not Applicable.

Effect: Eligibility determinations for free and reduced meals could be incorrect.

Cause: The Food Service Director reviews applications and enters this information into the WinSNAP System.

Recommendation: An individual, independent of data input process, should review the accuracy of the information.

Management Response: The corrective action plan was implemented in November 2012.

Corrective Action Plan: Free and reduced meal application information is reviewed by an individual independent of the data input process. The reviewer provides evidence by signing and dating the report.

Person Responsible: Food Service Director

Implementation Timeline: Completed November 2012.

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAMS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2012-5. National School Lunch Program - CFDA No. 10.555, School Breakfast Program - CFDA No. 10.553; Grant Period - Year Ended June 30, 2012

Criteria: The number of students receiving free and reduced meals is used to calculate the District's federal and state revenue.

Condition: Parents complete an application which provides financial information used to determine eligibility for free and reduced meals. The application information is input into the WinSNAP System which determines a student's eligibility. This information is not reviewed by a supervisor for accuracy.

MONTOURSVILLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Questioned Costs: None.

Context. Not Applicable.

Effect: Eligibility determinations for free and reduced meals could be incorrect.

Cause: The Food Service Director reviews applications and enters this information into the WinSNAP System.

Recommendation: An individual, independent of data input process, should review the accuracy of the information.

Management Response: Free and reduced meal application information is entered into the WinSNAP computer application to determine eligibility. This information is not reviewed by an individual independent of the data input process, which could cause eligibility determinations for free and reduced meals to be incorrect.

Corrective Action Plan: Free and reduced meal application information will be reviewed by an individual independent of the data input process. The reviewer will provide evidence by signing and dating the report.

Status: See current year finding 2013-1.